BEHRING SEA ARBITRATION. SOME WARM DISCUSSION BETWEEN OPPOSING COUNSEL.

he Representatives of This Country Op-pose the Admission as Evidence of the Brit-lab Supplementary Report Mr. Phelps's Criticism and Sir Charles Russell's Repty, PARIS, April 5.-The Court of Arbitration regarding the Behring Sea resumed its session

at 11:45 A. M. to-day. The Hon. E. J. Pholps, counsel in behalf of the United States, continued his argument. He contended that the British supplementary report was inadmissible. The admission of new evidence at this stage. Mr. Phelps said, was a gross injustice to the United States, because it deprived the United States of any chance to adduce rebutting testimony. Mr. Phelps discoursed at some length on the technical meaning of the treaty of arbitration, and the conditions and methods of procedure to be followed under the

Sir Charles Russell. in replying to Mr. Phelps in behalf of Great Britain, paid a tribute to the late James G. Blaine, whose ability, he said, was recognized in both hemispheres. After luncheon Mr. Phelps continued his argument for the rejection of the supplementary report of the Behring Sea Commission. His address was interrupted several times by an exchange of criticisms between the counsel the two powers.

If I had been guiding the policy of the United States," said Mr. Phelps, "when Great

United States," said Mr. Phelps, "when Great Britain presented the counter case at the last minute I would then and there have refused to proceed with the arbitration. Great Britain's conduct was not only unjust, but deeply humilialing for the United States."

Sir lichard Webster interposed the remark that Great Britain had announced in her counter case the production at a future date of the Behring Sea Commission's report.

Mr. Phelms, in continuing, said that he had not been aware of this. The whole report, he said, was untrustworthy, for although preliminary investigations had been made conjointly by the British and the American Commissioners, the reports had been drawn separately and the British report, therefore, had been putther answered nor commented upon by the United States.

and the British report, therefore, had been nother answered nor commented upon by the United States.

The British report contained, moreover, a large amount of hearsay arguments, conjectures, and other matter quite unsuitable as evidence hefore the court.

Sir Charles Russell, in his reply, said that he had not expected such a discussion of the legal character of the evidence as that introduced by Mr. Pheips. He felt quite unprepared for this extraordinary heat on the part of the opposing counsel. He was extremely surprised that Great British should be charged with injustice in her conduct of the proceedings preliminary to the meeting of the court. There was no intention on the part of Great British to use the report of the Behring Bea Commission as bearing upon the question of right before the court. The counsel for the United States had attempted this matter upon the Commissioners as if only one question were before them. There were, however, other questions than those of right to settled. The tribunal was dealing with the affairs of an open sea, in which there were involved other rights than those of the United States and Great Britain namely, the rights of mankind. In the matter of Great Britain's and America's rights the arbitrators must act strictly as judges; in the matter of the rights of mankind, they must acquit themselves as just men.

Sir Charles Bussell then justified the pro-

of mankind, they must acquit themselves as just men.

Sir Charles Bussell then justified the production of the report of the Behring Sea Commission, arguing from the terms of the arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain. If, he said, the sole object of the report was to assist the tribunal to gain information as to the regulation of the said fisheries and to increase its knowledge of the practical matters at issue, the report then must be admitted to evidence under the article governing the procedure of the court of arbitration. Sir Charles then read the article in question and the court adjourned.

HRS. MONTAGU RELEASED.

An Aristocratic Mother Who Puntshed Hor Child with Fatal Severity.

DURLIN, April 5.- Mrs. Anne Margaret Montagu, wife of Robert Acheson Cromie Mon-tagu, grandson of the sixth Duke of Manchester, was released from prison yesterday. Mrs. Montagu was convicted, just a year ago to-day, of the manslaughter of her child. Eary Helen, aged 3 years. Mrs. Montagu had treated her children with great severity, and on secount of a slight act of misconducton the part of Mary Helen caused her to be shut up in a small apartment known as the "ward-robe roem." which was really little more than

robe roem." which was really little more than a bot. In the room there was a bracket on which to hang clothes, and on that bracket two rings were serewed in. The child's arms were fastened at the back with a stocking and attached by a string from the stocking to one of the rings. The child was thus confined about 1:30 o'clock P. M., and four hours later was found dead.

Thecase aroused great indignation, and Mrs. Metagu was brought to trial, cenvicted, and smissed to twelve months' imprisonment, with such labor as was suitable to the sex of the prisoner." Mrs. Montagu was also indicted on charges of cruelty to her other children, but in these cases the Crown entered a noile breasen! During her imprisonment Mrs. but in these cases the Crown entered a noile pressqui. During her imprisonment Mrs. Mentagu arain became a mother, and the infast born in prison was long ago sent to its gradmother. It is understood that Mrs. Montagu has gone to the Continent with her husband to live there for two years, the husband awing from the first sympathized with and upheld his wife.

FRANCE'S NEW PREMIER.

M. Dupuy's Speech To-day - A Feeling of Indifference to the New Ministry. Panm, April 5 .- M. Dupuy, the new Premier will emphasize in the Chamber of Deputies o-morrow that the Panama Canal scandals must not prevent Parliament from fuifilling its duties to the people. He will also impress upon the Chamber that the Cabinet will unfertake to insure to everybody full liberty of action in the comingelections. The Chamber of Deputies will be asked to assent to the separation of the Liquor Reform bill from the budget on condition that the Benate discuss the measure speedily as a special bill.

The Senate willibe asked to pass the bill taxing bourse transactions. The coulisse or unauthorized brokerage system, will not be suppressed, but provision will be made to better regulate outside dealings, and fresh conditions will be imposed upon foreign speculators with a view to suppress unauthorized transactions. It is believed that the Chamber of Deputies will pass the budget by Saturday, in which case the Legislature will adjourn until the 24th inst.

The Senate will then discuss the budget, which, it is to be hoped, will be passed by the end of the month. There is no pronounced hostilito toward the new Ministry, but a general feeling of indifference in the lobbies and elsewhere. of Deputies will be asked to assent to the sep-

SUNK IN A COLLISION.

The Brig Mustang Goes to the Bottom Eighteen Minutes After She is Struck. LONDON, April 5.-The British ship Errol. Capt. McMillan, from Portland, Or., via deenstown for Ipswich, has anchored in the Downs with her ilbhoom gone and her bows lightly damaged. She was in collision with the Norwegian brig Mustang, Capt. Birkeand from Santa Cruz. Cuba. for Rotterdam. The accident occurred off Beachy Head on

The accident occurred off Beachy Head on Monday morning.

The Mustang had an enormous hole stove in her side, through which the water poured in terrents. Those on board of her saw there was no possible chance of saving their vessel, as she began to settle almost immediately. There was not even time for her officers and crew to save their personal effects. They caucht hold of the ropes and chains attached to the Errol's bowsprit, which was across the flustang's deck, and all scrambled on board the Errol as hastily as possible. Eighteen minutes after the collision the Mustang sank.

Columbus's Descendants Coming.

LONDON, April 5.-The descendants of Chrisline steamship New York from Southamptor the Chicago World's Fair. The list includes the Chicago World's Fair. The list includes the Duckess of Veragua, the Hon. Charles Aquileta, and a secretary, the Hon. Maria del Filar tolumbus y Aquilera, the Hon. Pedro Columbus, and the Marquis and Marquise Barbolis.

Protesting Against the Treaty. LONDON, April 5.-A meeting of the Polish Fociety of London was held to-day, at which the proposed extradition treaty between Russia and the United States was discussed in all its bearings with much heat and vehe-Very animated arguments were in dulged in against the reported secret decision of the American Senate to surrender at the request of the Ozar any or all Russian refugees tharged with attempting the life of any member of the imperial family. The meeting

finally adopted resolutions declaring that, while disavowing any sympathy with assassing or assassination, it solemnly protested against this clause of the treaty, which, it was declared, was simply a proposal to deprive Russians of an asylum in the United States.

The resolutions also declared that the Poles in London should appeal to the American nation and petition President Claveland to sanction only a treaty that will secure to Russian refugees the protection of the American flag.

BERLIN. April 5 .- A special despatch to the Berliner Tageblatt from Kampala, Uganda, dated Dec. 14, 1802, reports that two apparcoived to the effect that Emin Pasha, the celebrated explorer, had been murdered by the Manyemas on the banks of the Ituri River in

1892. The writer of the despatch says that he does not think the reports wholly convincing as to the fate of Emin. Mere rumors about the fate of Dr. Emin or any other white man in Central Africa are hardly worth publishing, for nine times in ten they are contradicted inter by reliable information. The Ituri River is the upper Aruwini, and Stanley ascended it on his way to Dr. Emin. Emin is supposed to be somewhere in that region, and a while ago a report was published that he had been befriended by the Arabs there. The Manyemas are in that country only as the slaves of the Arabs, who arm them and send them out to secure ivory and slaves.

Paris, April 5 .- M. Develle. Minister of Foreign Affairs, announced at a Cabinet meeting to-day that the republic of Colombia had ex-tended for a period of twenty months the con-cession to the Panama Canal Company for the construction of a canal across the Isthmus of Panama.

One of Tintoretto's Portratts Destroyed. Rows, April 5.-Tintoretto's famous portrait of a Venetian nobleman in the Palace of the Doges, Venice, has been hacked to pieces. The portrait was valued at 300,000 fance. No clue to the identity or motive of the man who mutilated the picture has been obtained.

LONDON, April 5.—It is said on the alleged authority of advices from Chili that martial law has been proclaimed in that republic. Definite information is awaited.

QUEER MOTHER AND BOX

He to Demented, and It to Said They Both Wake Their Neighbors by Shouting. Mrs. Ouibell lives at present in the first flat of the apartment house, 237 Reid avenue,

Brooklyn, with her demented 24-year-old son, Joseph Walter Quibell. She has been a widow since the death of her husband in the Brooklyn Theatre fire. She has two sons, one of whom is married. Joseph Walter Quibell, al-though now in an advanced stage of lunacy, is a member of the firm of Couron & Quibell, manufacturing chemists, at 18 Platt street,

Nearly a year ago, it is said, the man showed symptoms of insanity, and although his friends tried to induce his mother to have him sent to some asylum, she refused, saying she would care for him herself.

On March 10 the married son of Mrs. Quibell, who is an upholsterer at 472 Madison street, Brooklyn, rented from W. H. Friday, a first flat of an apartment house at 635 Halsey street, owned by a Mr. Lupton, for his mother and demented brother. The family of Mr. Impton lived in the house, and their new tenants had not been long there, it is said, before they kept the neighborhood awake

ants had not been long there, it is said, before they kept the neighborhood awake with their shouting. Why the mother shouted, Mr. Lupton succeeded in getting the woman and her sen out of the house. Utibell with a carried out. Mrs. Quibell in the late of the same was that he had to be carried out. Mrs. Quibell in the carried out. Mrs. Quibell in the late of the same was that he had to be carried out. Mrs. Quibell in the carried out. Mrs. Quibell in the late of the same was the sen on to falchogue. Li., Mrs. Year miles and her son to Falchogue. Li., Mrs. Quibell in the same was the sen of the same was to send the sen of the same was the sen of the same was to send the same was t

son's firm for his support. Another story is that she receives money from rich relatives in Fifth avenue in this city. From information obtained last night it was impossible to get at a clausible reason for the singular state of affairs.

THE LEAMING PICTURE BALE.

Alleged Old Masters Bring Very Small Prices Under the Hammer,

The second lot of the late Dr. James B. Leaming's collection of paintings, sixty-three in number, all of which were said to be by the old masters, was sold at Cooke's auction room. 209 East 125th street, last night. If the pictures were genuine, they went very lor the catalogue of the collection Auctioneer Cooke states that he will not be responsible for the description or authenticity of any of

for the description or authenticity of any of the paintings. The catalogue was prepared by Robert Fullerton.

Here are some of the prices accured: Correggio, "Holy Family," to J. H. Haistead, \$50; Titian, "Cupid Bleeping," to J. A. Holzer, \$17.50; David Tenjers, "The Smoker," to E. H. Nixon, \$100; Ribera, "The Cdd," to E. H. Nixon, \$100; Ribera, "The Cavallers," to Dr. Ruelling, \$137.50; Murillo, "Holy Family," to Mrs. Isauin, \$37.50; Vibert, "Carousal of Soldiers," to J. H. Haistend, \$40; David Tenjers, "Landscape and Figures," to J. G. Flanner, "Landscape and The Roman Bath," attributed to Rubens, was secured by J. H. Holzer for \$155. The highest price paid was \$300 for "Interior—Boy and Dog," by Poussin. The auctioneer said that Dr. Leaming would not have sold this picture for \$2,500. William Coffin bought it. The sais will be concluded this evening.

GOOD PRICES FOR PAINTINGS.

Troyon's "Approaching Storm" 820,250 Daubigay's "Apple Orchard" \$11,100, The pictures of the Biakeslee collection brought better prices last night than those sold on Tuesday. The highest price paid was \$29.250 for Troyon's "Approaching Storm." The buyer refused to give his name. The total for the evening amounted to \$102,150, making \$136,630 for the proceeds of the auction. The more important pictures were:

Daubigny's, "On the French Coast"
Duprés, Landscape, with Cottage "
Gérôme, "Russulman at the Shrine of the Caliphe, Cairo
Cusin, Village in Holland" Day in June"
y. "Hy the Sea"
y, "The Apple Orchard"
Jacque, "Shepherd and Sheep"
Sheep at Pasture"
The Approaching Storm"
The Old Oak" Sunset.
" Heturn of the Royal Hunting Party,
du Chambord". Dupré, Marine
Munger, "Sunshine and Shadow"
Baubign. "Spring"
Corot. "Solitude"
Yolton. "The Fassing Storm"
Schreyer. The stampede"
Lasole. "Coming from the Well"
Becamps. "The Good Samaritan"

Perhaps a Trained Shoplifter.

Florence Humann was arrested last night on a charge of shoplifting, and was sent to the rooms of the Gerry Society, from the East 126th street police station. She is only 10 years old. Florence went to Lena Weber's delicatessen store, at 113 East 129th street. delicateseen store, at 113 East 129th street, with a woman whom she calls her mother. Mrs. Humann gave Mrs. Weber a large order for goods to be delivered at 8 West 134th street. The customer was on her way out when Mrs. Weber noticed that the child carried a paper hag full of articles she had stolen while the woman was given her order. Mrs. Humann professed surprise at the child's doings and offered to pay for the goods, but the police believe that the little one has been carefully taught to steal.

MORPHINE AND ATROPINE

MR. NICOLL SAYS DR. BUCHANAN GAVE BOTH TO BIS WIFE.

Dr. McIntyre Testifies that the Symptoms of the Two Poisons Counteract Each Other— Position of the Prosecution Explained. Yesterday's proceedings in the Buchanan case largely belonged to Mr. O'Sullivan, the medico-legal expert of counsel for the defence. Mr. O'Bullivan is astonishingly familiar with sesquipedalian medical terms, and all the king's horses could not compel him to call the surface of the eyeball anything but the

conjunctiva." It was a hot day in the court room, which is innocent of anything like ventilation. Reorder Smyth was the only person there who did not display symptoms of that tired feelup the counsel when their spring fevers took the form of vocal irritation; explained things to the witnesses and jury, and was as imperturbably precise in all ways as if the spring awakening in the park outside was not incessantly demanding that all courts be adjourned and work be laid aside for play.

Now that the medical testimony is under way. Dr. Buchanan has moved from his accus-tomed seat at the end of the table occupied by

his counsel, and is scated directly back of the middle of the table, at Dr. O'Bullivan's elbow. facing the witness stand.
Yesterday morning the cross-examination of Dr. McIntyre, one of the physicians who attended Mrs. Buchanan, was begun by Dr. medical lawyer sailed along with entire satisfaction to themselves on a sea of hysteria. coma, profound and otherwise; morphine characteristics, professional ethics, chloral doses, respiration, sub-temperature, and hemorrhagic symptoms until the cross-ex-

aminer aroused the District Attorney and his assistants by asking the witness: "Is there any doubt in your mind that this woman did not die of opium narcosis?" Mr. Nicoll objected vocally, Mr. Wellman smiled his objection, and Mr. Osborne glared

emiled his objection, and Mr. Osborne glared his.

Recorder Smyth overruled the word, the smile, and the glance, and told the witness to answer the question.

Dr. McIntyre said: "From a clinical standpoint, no. The jury will understand me to mean that I base that judgment on what I learned at the bedside of the patient."

Then Mr. O'Sullivan asked Dr. McIntyre if the District Attorney had submitted to him a set of questions to which he had made answers before Dr. Buohanan was indicted. Dr. Mo-intyre said such was the fact, and identified a copy of the questions and answers, which were practically the same as those asked and given in his direct examination on Tuesday.

There was a half-hearted row between the lawyers over the point of permitting the Doctor to modify some of his original answers, and nearly everybody was almost asleep again when the principal storm of the day suddenly and unexpectedly broke and woke up everybody.

Mr. O'Sullivan introduced a certified copy of

and unexpectedly broke and woke up everybody.

Mr. O'Sullivan introduced a certified copy of the death certificate, in which Dr. Maintyre had described the cause of death as cerebral hemorrhage. Then Mr. O'Sullivan asked:

"Has anything transpired since making this certificate to cause you to change your opinion of the cause of death?"

"I can only give a qualified answer—," began the witness, when he was interrupted by soven lawyers all yelling at him in chorus, "You are not answering the question," shouted Mr. Brooko.

"Answer me!" shrieked Mr. O'Sullivan.

"Answer in your own way," roared Mr. Nicoll, while Mr. Wellman matched his baby stare against Mr. Knight's smile, and Mr. Davison's and Mr. Osborne's glares set fire to the intervening motes.

quantity of morphine and some atropine. The latter, we believe, obscured the symptoms of the former."

Mr. Nicoli then drew from Dr. McIntyre the fact that morphine reduces the pulse, atropine accelerates it; morphine causes a cold, wat skin, atropine a hot, dry skin; morphine con-

skin, atropine a hot, dry skin; morrhine contracts the pupil of the eye, atropine dilates it; morphine diminishes the frequency of respiration, atropine increases it.

Then Dr. O'sullivan once more took the witness and asked: "In a case of opium poisoning, if atropine were administered in sufficient quantity to antaxonize the characteristic symptoms, would it not overcome the narcoulem of opium?" I am not competent to apawar "said December 1 am not competent to apawar "said December 2 and a supplementation of the supplemen

colum of opium?"

I am not competent to answer," said Dr.
McIntyre. "One set of authora affirms and
one set decies your proposition."

This ended the examination of Dr. McIntyre.
George E. Plunkett. who was a deputy in the
County Clerk's office in 1887, was next called.
He identified records which showed that Dr.
Buchanan was born in Scotland Oct. 17, 1892,
and was admitted to practise medicine in this
city in 1887, on a diploma issued to him by
the Chicago College of Physicians and Surgeons.

the Chicago College of Physicians and Surgeons.

The next witness was Dr. Henry B. Watson of 284 West Fourth street, who was called in by Dr. Buchanan to attend his wife the night before she died. His testimony was the same in all material particulars as that of Dr. McIntyre. His new evidence concerned the time when he was with Mrs. Buchanan on Friday evening, April 22, 1882, before the arrival of Dr. McIntyre. He then found her in a profound come, pulse 188, skin dry and itushed, and face bloated. He administered a hypodermic injection of digitalis, which resulted in temporarily relieving her breathing. Dr. Watson said that when Dr. McIntyre arrived he was surprised at the serious condition of the woman, whom he had treated for hysteria in the morning.

Dr. Thomas Theodore Janeway and Prof. E. G. Janeway testified in the afternoon that they had never treated Mrs. Buchanan or Mrs. Butherland for Bright's disease, nor prescribed chloral for her, nor treated her for any complaint.

This morning Dr. Pruden will begin the ex-

plaint.
This morning Dr. Pruden will begin the ex-

CARLYLE HARRIS'S PETITION. Sixty Assemblymen Sign It—Gov. Flower to Give a Mearing on April 10,

ALBANY, April 5,-Assemblyman Rice on Monday received a letter from Carlyle W. Har-ris, in which Harris says: "I have been informed of your kind willingness to assist my cause, so I have written Mr. Howe to send you at once two copies of our petition. Pray accept my very grateful thanks for your inter-This morning Mr. Rice received the two petitions from Mr. Howe, and he immediately made a canvass of the Assembly, securing the signatures of nearly sixty members in an hour before the House adjourned. The petition asks the Governor to consider the new swidence which Mr. Howe has to present, and to grant such executive elemency as may be warranted by this swidence.

Mr. Howe has sent the following to Gov.

Plower:

NEW York City, April 4, 1893.

Hem. Reswell P. Flower, Getterner of the State of New York,

Duan Stat: As counsel for Carlyle W. Harris, now
under sentence of death, I respectfully beg to Inform
your Honor that the duly authorized petition on Harrie's belaif, with additional saffuavits, will be ready for
presentation on the 17th of this month. Will that day
be convenient to your engagement for my appearance
before you on the application for executive element?

With atmost respect, I am, very obediently yours.

The following is the Governor's reals.

The following is the Governor's reply: The following is the Governor's reply:

State of New York, Executive Charses,
William I, Houe, E.g., 87 Centre Stree, Are: Pick Vite.

Dran Sin: Gov. Flower is in receipt of your letter of
yesterday's date, and directs me to reply that he will
receive your petition for clemency in behalf of Carlyle
W. Harris on Monday next, April 10, at 2:30 i. M. He
prefers not to wait until April 17, as suggested in your
communication, for the reason that he will at that
time be more than 'usually occupied with legislative
matters, and, besides, the interval between the 17th
and the date set for the execution may be insufficient
to afferd him ample opportunity for the proper consideration of the case. Vary respectfully.

With nerves unstrung and heads that acho,

THE GREAT MORMON TEMPLE. It Will be Bediented To-day by the Latter Bay Saints.

SALT LARE. April 5. - To-morrow the magdiffeent Mormon Temple will be dedicated. This afternoon, through the courtesy of President Woodruff, THE SUN'S correspondent was permitted to inspect the building, from the underground passage to the roof just under the tower, on which stands the golden sage who is alleged to have revealed to Joseph Smith the plates from which he translated the Book of Mormon.

Entering by a broad passage brilliantly illuminated by rows of electric lights, the first impressive eight is the baptismal font. It is built of cast iron painted white and gold, and is reached by a short flight of iron steps at either end, and rests upon the back of twelve life-sized bronze oxen. which stand within a railed enclosure, sunk some three feet below the main floor. This font is a fine piece of work. It can be filled with water or emptied in sixteen minutes. Near by are numerous large bath tubs in the continuous apartments and onyx washstands. of which there are fifteen on the various floors of the building. Each is of rare beauty. Equally unique and costly are five drinking fountains in various corridors,

The room next to the font room is freecoad to represent tropical vegetation and birds of paradise. The next room is of the same size, but is painted as a desert, with vultures and eagles sented on bare rocks and cliffs. The two rooms are each 40x45 feet, and contain about 100 opera chairs each.

Following the passage one comes to the grand staircase. By this staircase we mount from the basement to the first floor and notice on the right a large oil painting. 12x18 feet, representing Christ preaching to the neo-

The opposite wall is adorned with two paintings representing the Crucifizion and the Descent from the Cross. After passing through two other rooms of beautiful design, the main audience room of the President and other dignitaries is entered. This room is, beyond all comparison, the finest in the entire structure. Its overhead and side decorations are in delicate color and the ceiling is a sight worth a long journey to see. Occupying semi-circular alcoves to the east and high enough to give a fine effect are two choice paintings.

The prevailing color of the walls is a warm brown, and the effect produced by contrast with the colors of the twenty Grecian columns that adorn the sides is striking.

All these columns furnish evidence of superb skill in hand carving. Bracket chandeliers from the columns and abundance of light from reflectors and cleverly arranged lamps give a brilliant effect when the hall is illuminated.

Ascending a narrow flight of stairs, the visiare in delicate color and the ceiling is a sight

nated.

Ascending a narrow flight of stairs, the visitor reaches an apartment intended for the Tresident of the Temple. Three smaller rooms off the main room attract attention. The first is decorated in rose, pink, and gold. The brackets and columns are hand carved and the mirror is one of the largest in the building. An art glass window of great size and beauty adorns the south wail. It represents Mormon delivering the plates to Joseph Smith.

the building. An arc glass window of great size and heauty adorns the south wall. It represents Mormon delivering the plates to Joseph Smith.

Another small room, reached by a short ascent from the main floor, is circular and respiendent with bins and gold, with borders and panels of red slik velvet.

The floor is of native hardwood mosale, most of the blocks being no more than an inch square. Through the dome which forms the celling the light streams in by seventeen circular and semi-circular lewelled windows.

The large art window to which the south side of this room is given represents the moment in the life of Joseph Smith, when trusting in the words of the Apostic James, he sought wisdom of the Lord and received as an answer the visitation of two heavenly beings, one of whom pointing to the other said: "This is my beloved son, hear him."

But the grand assembly room is the crowning feature. It occupies the whole extent of the building except the towers, being 120 feet long and 80 feet wide, with a seating capacity of about 2,200 persons.

The galiery is of graceful sweep. It is railed with bronze, and is reached by a circular stairway in each of the four corners. Nothing could surpass the beauty of this hall.

The elevated seats for the priesthood at either end, the hand-carved decorations of the dais and baicony, the broad auditorium, the artistically ranelled celling, frescoed frieze, and numerous permanent lights all combine to make an imposing acene.

The seats in the body of the hall are reversible, so that the audience can face the speaker from either end.

Here the dedication.

About 3,000 people per day will be admitted to the temple. The dedication services will be repeated from day to day.

The feature of to-day's conference proceedings was the address of Brigham Young, the oldest son of the desceased President. He has been absent for ten years on a mission to Engiance in the particles.

Nonrolk. Va., April 5.-Final arrangements for the grand international military and naval ball, to be given in Norfolk on April 21 in

ball, to be given in Norfolk on April 21 in honor of the naval review, were completed tonight.

The armory in which the ball is to be held will comfortably accommodate 1,000 dancers and 1,000 spectators. The music will be furnished by the Marine band.

Visitors are coming in, and excursions from Norfolk to the Roads are frequent. The boat races on April 19 between crews from the naval vessels will be a feature of the review, and it is expected that nearly 100 crews will enter.

CELEBRATIONS ASHORE.

Reception and Dinner to the Duke de Ve-A meeting of a special committee of the Chamber of Commerce was held at the Hotel Waldorf last evening. The Spanish Consul. M. de Muruaga, and Commander Dickins, who has been assigned by the State Department to escort the Duke de Veragua, the descendant

of Columbus, were present. The sums received by the committee amount to more than \$21.400. The committee has definitely arranged its programme. A social reception will be given to the Duke de Veragua on Wednesday. April 19, at the Hotel Waldorf. A sum was voted to the Citizens' Committee to guarantee the hire of the Madison Square Garden, where a ball will be given on the evening of the parade, the Secretary of the Navy and Admiral Gherardi having accepted an invitation for that evening. A sum was also voted for an entertainment to the marinee and saliors of the foreign and United Sintes fleets after a shore parade, to which Admiral Gherardi has also consented. The Seventh Regiment have been invited to extend the courtesy of the use of their armory and to act as a guard of honor. This parade will take place on the 28th, on the evening of which day a barquet by subscription under the auspices of the committee will be given to the officers of the assembled fleets at the Waldorf. to more than \$21,400. The committee has

Waldorf. Foreign Vessels for the Naval Review. Washington, April 5.—The Navy Department has been advised that the Dutch cruiser Van Speyk is expected at Hampton Roads on the 17th, and that the Argentine cruiser. Ninth of July, from Newcastle, will come to New York July, from Newcastle, will come to New York and not go to the Roads. Enrique Howard will command her. The Italian cruisers, the department is informed, will remain in American waters until the middle of September of October. More Italian officers have applied to come to the review than can be accommodated, and there is great rivalry among them as to who will accompany the ships. Russia will certainly have three vessels here at the review, the first-class cruisers Dimitri Donskol and dieneral Admiral and the corvette Rynds. They will be in Hampton Roads some time within the next two weeks. The battle ship Emperor Nicholas and the cruisers Nachinoff and Pamiate Asowa will be sent as soon as the ice in the Baltic breaks.

The Cruiser Betrott's Trial.

NEWPORT, April 5.-The Naval Board detailed Detroit will report for duty to-morrow morning. The trials cannot begin before Friday. It is expected that the four-hour run at sea will be between given points. This will result in the run being made down Long Island Sound and return. to witness the speed trial of the new cruiser

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.



Makes more and better food than any other baking powder, because it is the purest.

Highest of all in leavening strength. -United States Goo't Food Report

PRESIDENT M'LEOD'S RESIGNATION. ident Harris of the Lehigh Valley Suggested as His Successor.

The announcement of the intention of Mr. A. McLeod to retire from his position as President and receiver of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company on May 1 was received with satisfaction by the New York owners of Reading securities. It was learned that Mr. Isaac L. Rice, the expert employed by the trustees of the mortgages to conduct an examination of the accounts of the McLeod administration had made a preliminary report to the Pennsylvania Company for Insuring Lives and Granting Annuities. Wall street saw a connection between this fact and Mr. McLeod's sudden retirement, and argued that there was something behind the statement in a despatch from Philadelphia that Mr. McLeod and New York and New England stock bought with Reading funds last autumn.

The committee of the general mortgage bondholders will not now conteat the issue of receiver's certificates for such an amount as the company may absolutely require, but will insist that an examination of the books by their accountant be first allowed. They will endeavor also to enforce the contract for the setting saide of 10 cents a ton on all coal mined as a sinking fund for the general mortgage bonds. The resolution of the directors providing for this sinking fund, in order that the general mortgage loss might be floated to better advantage, has, it is said, been rescinded by the present Board, and the fund accumulated under its provisions during the Corbin management has been put to other uses. It is confidently predicted by those in a position to know the facts that Mr. McLeod will shortly resign also his position as President of the Boston and Maine.

PHILADELPHIA, April 5.—President McLeod left this afternoon for Boston. Before going he was asked whether his retirement from the Reading would affect his standing as President of the Boston and Maine and New York and New England roads, and refused to say anything on the subject. He declared that his resignation does not indicate that he will leave Philadelphia.

John Lowber Weish, who has been suggested as Mr. McLeod's successor, this afternoon denied that he would become Reading's President and said he thought President Joseph S. Harris of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company would he the man. Receivers Paxson and Wilbur this evening said the appointment of a third receiver to take Mr. McLeod's place is not necessary. They would not say whether a successor to the retiring receiver will be appointed.

Thomas Dolan, until recently a director of the Reading, admitted that the future President would not be John Wanamaker, George C. Thomas of Drexel & Co., nor John Louier to appoint Mr. McLeod's successor to serve until the next annual meeting, but will probable the proposition of the retiring receiver to appoint Mr. McLeod's successor to serve until the nex The committee of the general mortgage bondholders will not now contest the issue of

SHUT OUT THE AMERICAN EXPRESS.

Mr. Pintt's Company Now Has the Privi-leges of the New England Road. BOSTON. April 5.-Two cars loaded with packages in the care of the American Express Company, and intended for transit from New York to Boston, were side-tracked at Brewsters, N. Y., at 2 o'clock this morning because the New York and New England road refused to haul them to Boston and the New York and Northern saw no reason for taking them back to New York.

land read and the express company. The next move, it is said, will be a suit at law against the railroad by the express company.

President James C. Fargo of the American Express Company said last night: "I don't know why the New York and New England shut us out, but I presume McLeod's course is at the bottom of it. The action of the New York and New England was entirely unexpected. Of course our local business over that road will be temporarily stopped, but our through business to Boston and to points east will be carried on just as usual by way of Albany. We made a live-year contract with the New York and New England in December by which we were to have the exclusive business over the road. That contract is good, and we will begin legal proceedings against the road, but whether in Boston or New York I do not know."

President T. C. Platt of the United States Company said: "The reason the New York and New England shut out the American Company from doing business on its line was because they gave us the contract." Mr. Platt refused to say anything more.

Tennessee Coal and Iron Company.

The following directors of the Tennesses Coal and Iron Company were elected at the meeting in Tracy City: Nat. Baxter, Jr., and A. M. Shock of Nashville; T. C. Platt, John R. Inman: Theodere W. Myers, James T. Wood-Inman: Theodere W. Myers, James T. Woodward, C. C. Baldwin, John C. Haskell, and W. S. Gurbel of New York: H. L. Debardeleben, T. C. Aldrich, David Roberts, T. T. Hillman, and Walker Fercy of Alabama; C. E. Adger, M. E. Lopez, and Augustine Smythe of Charleston. The directors elected Nat. Exxter, Jr., President; H. L. Debardeleben, Vice-President; T. C. Aldrich, Second Vice-President; T. C. Aldrich, Second Vice-President and General Manager, and James Bowron, Secretary and Treasurer. The directors were authorized to proceed with the construction of the contemplated steel plants in Alabama.

The Executive Committee of the Trunk Line Association decided yesterday that last year's rates should be applied on west-hound lake and rail shipments, but no bills of lading on this tariff are to be issued before April 17. this tariff are to be issued before April 17.

At the suit of the trustees of the mortgages
the United States Court at Charleston has
granted an order requiring Receiver Comer of
the Georgia Central to show cause on April 14
why a separate receiver should not be appointed for the Augusta and Knovville and
Port Itoyal and Western Carolina railroads.

Mrs. Fellowes 101 Years Old. NEW HAVEN, April 5 .- Mrs. James Fellowes, mother of F. Wayland Fellowes, the artist, celebrated her 101st birthday to-day. Several generations were represented in the party which gathered this afternoon to congratulate the old lady. Mrs. Fellowes is smart and a bright talker still.

In One Minute Rheumatic



Sciatic, sharp and shooting pains, strains and weak nesses are relieved by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLAS-TER. Quick, original and unfailing, it instantly relieves weak, painful kidneys, back ache, uterine pains and weaknesses, coughs, colds and chest pains. It vitalises the nervous forces, and hence is powerful in the treatment of nervous pains weakness, numbrees and paralysis.

Price, ego.; five, \$1.00. At all Druggists or by

LOCKED HERSELF IN TO DIE. MRS. PLUNKETT ATTEMPTED TWICE TO KILL HERSELF.

She Turned on the Gas in Her Room and Lay Down to Die, but the Landindy Spoiled Her Pinns-The Next Time Sho Locked Her Door to Prevent Interruption, Mrs. Alice Plunkett, the wife of Edward Plunkett, manager of Gumple & Co.'s clothing establishment at 535 Eighth avenue, attempted twice to commit suicide between the hours of 6 and 11 o'clock on Tuesday night in her rooms

vigilance of the landlady, Mrs. Henry Mehrbach, the woman would have undoubtedly succeeded in killing herself. The Plunketts rented their rooms from Mrs. Mehrbach, whose husband, Henry Mehrbach, a well-known police court lawyer, owns the house. They seemed to live together happily, although Mrs. Mehrbach said last might that Plunkett was inclined to be jealous of his wife.

The Plunketts dined with the Mehrbachs on Tuesday night. Shortly after the meal Mr. Plunkett went out, and five minutes later Mrs. Plunkett complained of a severe headache and

said she was going to bed.

At about 0 o'clock Mrs. Mehrbach, in passing through one of the up-stairs halls, detected a strong smell of gas. She called her husband and the two traced the leak to Mrs. Plunkett's room. They opened the door-it was not locked-and went in.

Mr. Mehrbach threw the window wide open. while his wife rushed to the bed where Mrs. Plunkett was lying unconscious, and tried to rouse her. It was some time before she succeeded. When Mrs. Plunkett came to she said that the gas had been turned on by accident. Mehrbach and his wife left the room.

had occasion to go up stairs. The odor of gas was so strong in the hall that it almost stifled her. She was dumfounded at first, but made up her mind not to go near the room herself. So she ran down stairs and told her husband to go and get a policeman. Mr. Mehrbach brought Patrolman Henry Gallagher of the West Thirty-seventh street squad, who went to Mrs. Plunkett's room and tried to get in. Th edoor was locked this time. Lawyer The door was locked this time. Lawyer Mohrbach had a duplicate key, however, and when the door was finally opened the gas in the room was found turned on full, and it was evident that the woman had deliberately planned to take her own life. A rope had been wound around the door knob and then fastened to the bars of the steam radiator. All of the crevices in the room had also been stuffed with paper and rags. Mrs. Plunkett was not unconscious this time, although she appeared drowsy.

the crevices in the room had also been stuffed with paper and rags. Mrs. Plunkett was not unconscious this time, although she appeared drowsy.

"It was an accident," she started to say, but the policeman refused to listen to her explanation, and took her to the lockup. Yesterday morning she was arraigned before Justice Grady in the Jefferson Market Police Court. She refused to tell why she had attempted suicide, and the Justice committed for to prison to await examination. Policeman Gallagher said that he had a bundle of six letters which he found in the room.

They had been written by the woman to her friends in anticipation of death. Two of the letters were unscaled. One was addressed to Francis Farr. 40 Cliff street, Norwalk Conn., and called him her dear brother. She said in the letter that she was tirred of living.

The second letter was addressed to James McKenna, Washington, D. C., care of Inness Bros. Marble Saloon, Pennsylvania avenue. It addressed him as "Dear Old Friend." It told him that she would be dead when he received it, and also asked him to send money to Alice Church, Station S. Another letter enclosed in this read: "Tell Horace Day, 188 West Tenth street, I am dead. He will see that I have a last home. Good-by to all. Forgive me. Think of me some times with kindness. The other letters were addressed to H. G. Oagood, George B. Church, and F. L. Oagood, Norwich, Conn., Oscar Palmer, Norwich Falls, Conn., and P. P. Sherwood, care of Garden Thestre, Galveston, Texas.

Mr. Horace Day of 188 West Tenth street could not be found when a reporter called there last night. Mrs. Mehrbach told the reporter that Mr. Flunkett had not returned since the night before, and that she had no idea where he had gone.

ADVICE OF THE SIX COMPANIES. The Chinese Pollow Their Orders Not to Register Under the Genry Law.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 5 .- The Chinese Six Companies still hold the upper hand in their contest with the Federal authorities over registration under the Geary law. Since they issued their proclamation several days ago warning Chinese not to register under severe penalties, the work of the registration bureaus has practically come to a standstill, not over a score applying daily. The Chinese Consul-General tried to break the force of this edict of the Six Companies, but his proclamation fell flat, as did also that of a benevolent society which urged its members to register and thus demonstrate to This was the culminating point in the the Government that they were law-abiding | Delmonico Pays the Fine for Violatia rolls of membership all the Chinese on this coast, and it is to them that every Chinese looks to see that his body is returned to China in case of death. All the highbinder societies are really tributary to the Six Companies, and dare not antagonize them openly, though they

in case of death. All the highbinder societies are really tributary to the Six Companies, and dare not antagonize them openly, though they frequently oppose them in secret.

The deflant attitude taken by the Six Companies is due to the advice of their attorney. Thomas D. Riordan, who is now in Washington. He advised his clients not to register, and he claims to have assurances from the Government that no active steps will be taken to arrest and deport. Mongolians until the Supreme Court decides whether the Geary law is constitutional.

On the other hand, Lyman J. Mowry, who represents the powerful thee Kung Tong Society, that has 30,000 members, has advised this society to register as a precautionary measure, since the mere act of registration will not prejudice its members in any way.

When Congressman Geary arrived here last week he was greatly angered because of the circular issued by the Presidents of the Chinese Six Companies. He swore a nighty oath that if he had any influence with the Cleveland Administration he would see that it was exerted to securs the arrest of the Presidents on the charge of conspiracy to defeat a Federal law. Geary and Collector Quinn spent conclderable coin in sending measages to Washington urging the arrest of the Six Companies officials on the ground of conspiracy. Geary strengthened his request by the statement that the Federal officials would lose prestige should they permit these officers to go unpunished despite these appeals. The Washington authorities evidently were not convinced of the justice of arresting the Six Companies Presidents, so the matter was dropped, and Geary intimated that nothing would be done until alter May 5.

Last night it was learned that a new proclamation had been issued by the Six Companies. At this it was said that the proclamation was a copy of it was secured and translated it proved to be simply a Chinese version of a telegram received by the Six Companies. He has arranged to procure five of the best lawyers obtained he had one to test the insura

New England Intercol eglate Oratory. Boston, April 5.-Arrangements are being made for an intercollegiate oratorical contest in New England. The project is in charge of the Wendell Phillips Hall Association, and it is being carried out with the encouragement and assistance of Ex-Gov. Prackett. Speaker Barrett, and Mrs. Mary A. Livermore. Letters have already been sent out to the various col-leges. It is proposed to hold a contest about May 15, and to have Gov. Bussell preside.

Ate a Bollar's Worth of Mr. Tolken's Re-freshments.

About 7 o'clock on Tuesday night Larry Larkin and three other members of the "Frying Pan Gang" entered the restaurant of Charles Tolken, at 473 Greenwich street, and ordered supper. When they had eaten over a dollar's worth they upset the table and ran out. Tolken succeeded in catching Larkin, but his companions escaped. At the Tomba Court yesterday Juge Bmith sent the prisoner to the Island for six months. TERRIBLY ANNOYING.

SOMETHING THE BRAFEST OF US ARE WORRIED BE.

It Makes Us Feel Out of Sorts, Irritable, and

And Why People Will Endure It Is More Then We Can Understand,

Billousness is the plague of people. And, as everybody knows, it is always worse

in the spring. Now as we know something which will surely cure it, we will give the experience of two George F. Davis lives at 187 Mill st., Pough-

keepsie, N. Y.
"I had terrible attacks of billousness and billous colic," he said, "every four to five weeks, with a gradual increase in severity. Although I sought a cure through four of our leading physicians, the best they could do for

me was only temporary relief. "I used Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and while taking the first bottle nerve remedy, and while taking the lite bostle is had only one billious spell. When the second bottle was about half taken I had one more attack, but very much lighter, and this was the last attack I had.

"At the end of six months I was in better health than for five years before, and now consider myself completely and permanently cured. I would be pleased to answer all let-ters of inquiry."



MR. GEORGE F. DAVIS.

The other person whom we know we cured by the same remedy was Mr. L. R. Strickland of 53 Taylor st., Cleveland, Ohie. He says:

"I have taken Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and I feel like a new man. It has cured me of chills, hot fishes, bloating after eating, cold feet, and shortness of breath. I have had a fistule for over twenty years, and it is almost gone now. I cannot express how thankful I am for this wonderful remedy."

press how thunkful I am for this wonderful remedy.

If you are out of order use this remedy.
Everybody needs to take something is the spring for the liver, blood, and nerves, and this is the best spring medicine. All druggists keep it for \$1.00, and it is purely vegetable and harmless.

It is highly recommended by the doctors especially at this season of the year. It is, in fact, the prescription and discovery of a physician. Dr. Greene of 35 West 14th st. New York, the renowned specialist in curing all forms of nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, porsonally or by jetter.
Everybody out of order, or who is not feeling just right, should use the remedy now.—Adv.

THE NEWARK CONFERENCE.

Bishop Hurst Makes as Appeal for an American Methodist University.

The Newark Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church began its annual session yesterday morning in the Centenary Church Pavonia avenue, Jersey City. Bishop Jam N. Fitzgerald presided. Bishop Hurst made an appeal for subscriptions for an American an appeal for subscriptions for an American
Methodist university. He said that Banker
Corcoran of Washington had given land on
Massachusetts avenue in that city worth
\$750,000, and that a Calvinistic friend had
given \$25,000, with the promise of \$100,000 fe
he (Bishop Hurst) could raise \$88,000 this
year. Bishop Hurst's hearers subscribed
\$1,500 in fifteen minutes.
In the afternoon there was a meeting of the
Insurance Association. It was proposed to
amend the constitution so as to admit laymen
without restriction on the same terms with
ministers. The Rev. Lewis R. Dunn, the
President, apoke bifterly against the proposed
change and the amendment was tabled.
The hour of meeting, each morning, was
changed from 9 o'clock to 8% o'clock.

NEWBURGH, April 5.-The case against Delmonico for violation of the Game laws in selling game out of season to Dr. Willett Kidd, the game protector, and his friends, in 1890, came game protector, and his friends, in 1850, came on to-day and was again postponed until to-morrow. Later in the day Delmonico paid the fine for the entire fourteen birds and the costs of the suit, amounting in all to \$450, it being \$25 for each woodcock and \$100 costs. The game protector is elated over his victory. He was certain of his case from the start, and the delay has been caused in the District Attorney's office.

Just as the ferryboat Nevada was leaving her allp at Roosevelt street, this city, on the a o'clock trip to Williamsburgh yesterday afternoon, the Clyde Steamship Company's steamer Cherokee, which was being turned around
to be docked alongside the bridge, crashed
stem foremost into the ferryboat just outside
the after men's cabin. There were about fifty
men in that cabin and altogether about 400
on the boat. A considerable portion of the
woodwork and the stanchion railing was torn
away. Nobody was injured. The terryboat
proceeded to Williamsburgh, where it was
laid up.

To Chicago in a Rowboat.

BRIDGEPORT, April 5.-Kund R. Kunderson. young Norwegian, left this city this afternoon n a rowbout for Chicago to attend the World's Fair. He will row all the way, and expects to make the journey in ten weeks. He made the boat himself, boat building being his trade. It is ten feet long and four feet wide. It is covered with a canvas top. Kunderson will go by way of New York, the Hudson River, and Erie Canal.

" Female Sufferers,-

"Hear me. "Many times I wished I was dead before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Com pound.

"I was discouraged, brokenhearted. I was so ill with female trouble I could not walk or stand, and

had to be assisted to my feet when arising from a chair. My head whirled, and back ached, but worst of all was that awful crowding-down feeling in my

abdomen. "A friend told me of the Vegetable Compound; her faith won mine, and now I am well. Oh! how can I return

thanks to Mrs. Pinkham! "Every woman troubled with uterus or womb troubles can be cured, for it cured me, and will them." - Mrs. Kerhaugh.

Juniata St., Nicetown, Pa. All druggists sell it. Address in confidence, Lybia E. Pinkkam Man. Co., Lybia, Man. Liver Pills, 25 cents.